

Agenda

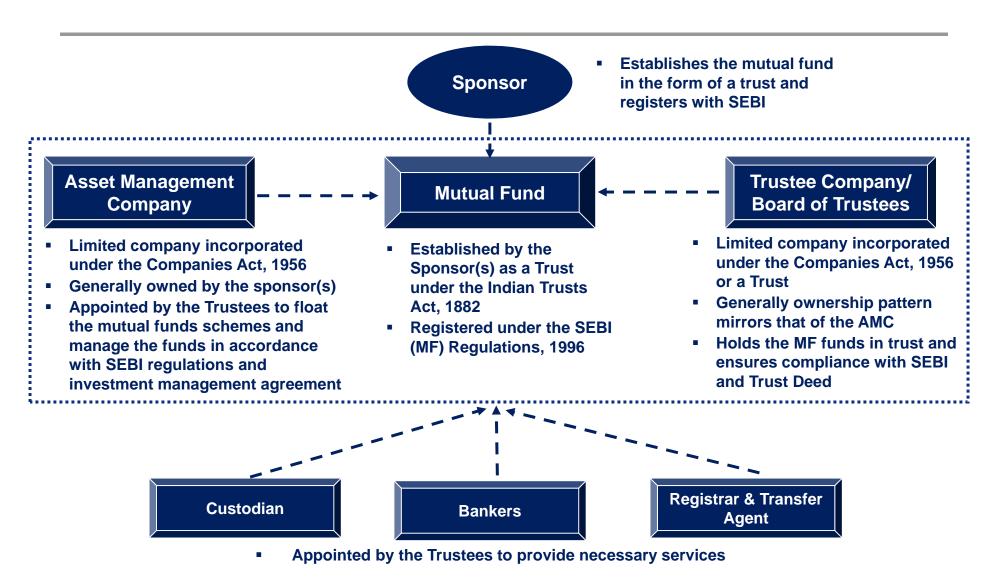
Mutual Funds and investment advisors

- Overview
- Financial reporting framework
- Accounting and Auditing Challenges

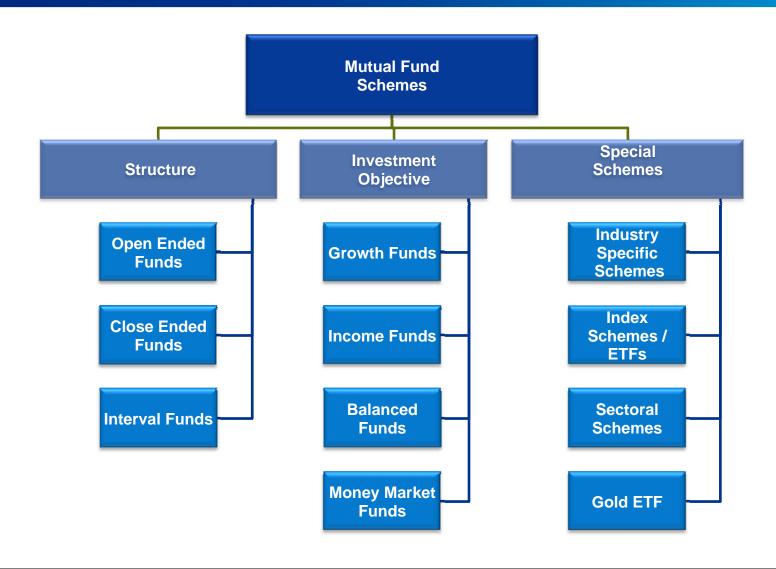
Portfolio Managers

- Overview
- Financial reporting framework
- Accounting and Auditing Challenges

Legal structure of Indian mutual funds



Types of Mutual Fund Schemes



Financial reporting framework

Accounts and audit

Regulation 50 (3) - "The asset management company shall follow the accounting policies and standards as specified in **Ninth Schedule** so as to provide appropriate details of the schemewise disposition of the assets of the fund at the relevant accounting date and the performance during that period together with information regarding distribution or accumulation of income accruing to the unitholder in a fair and true manner.

Regulation 55 (1) Every mutual fund shall have the annual statement of accounts audited by an auditor who is not in any way associated with the auditor of the asset management company.

Accounting Standards issued by ICAI also applicable to Mutual Funds

Significant Accounts

Balance Sheet

- Unit Capital and Liabilities:
 - Unit Capital
 - Reserves and Surplus
 - Current Liabilities
- Assets:
 - Investments
 - Deposits
 - Current Assets

Revenue Account

Income:

- Interest / Dividend income
- Profit on sale of investments (inter-scheme / others)

Expenses:

- Management fees
- Brokerage expenses
- Loss on sale of investments (inter-scheme / others)
- Other expenses (custodian, registrar, audit fees etc.)

Income distribution

Accounting and Auditing Challenges

Fungibility in Total Expense Ratio Accounting Challenges Auditing Challenges Monitoring of actual Validating the appropriateness of daily expenditure incurred against the accruals on a expense accrual periodic basis to achieve correct accruals and adjustments to overall TER at an early stage, if any Adequacy of control framework around Absence of periodic monitoring may lead to year-end adjustments / write expense accrual back under various expense heads and could potentially impact NAV

Additional expense for inflow form beyond top 15 cities (B-15 Cities)

Accounting Challenges

Setting-up appropriate system for periodical review of actual additional expenditure incurred against the accruals

Auditing Challenges

for Verification of appropriateness and relevance of expenditure incurred for generating additional inflow form B-15 cities

For example - Establishment cost, branch expenses set up in B-15 locations

Commission to Distributors

Accounting Challenges

- Allowability of amortization of upfront commission
- Determination of appropriate period over which the upfront commission paid by schemes or AMC to be apportioned

Auditing Challenges

- Appropriateness and adequacy of evidences / support provided by management for availing distributors' services
 - Contractual obligation with distributor
 - Nature and timeframe of services
 - Cost and revenue matching concept
 - Other terms of commission e.g.- Clawback

Investors' education and awareness expenses

Accounting Challenges

- Unspent accruals of Investors' education and awareness in case of closed ended / fixed maturity schemes, after maturity
- Tracking of such unspent accruals post maturity date

Auditing Challenges

- Closed schemes with unspent provisions if not subjected to audit – potential threat of inappropriate use of unspent provisions
- Thin line between differentiation of expenditure on investors education and awareness and corporate advertisements / brand promotion expenditures

Accounting and Auditing Challenges

Accounting Challenges Setting-up appropriate policies and procedures for determination of price for inter-scheme transfers Appropriateness of justification for interscheme transfers Appropriateness of justification for interscheme transfers from the selling and buying schemes perspective Appropriateness of rationale for interscheme transfers Adequate documentation of rationale for interscheme transfers

Accounting Challenges - Exclusion of Securities Premium from computation of Net-Worth under Companies Act 2013 having impact on compliance with Net-Worth norms - Werification of compliance by fund houses to AMC's Net-Worth norms

Unpaid Brokerage

Accounting Challenges

- Setting-up of appropriate review mechanism for long outstanding unpaid brokerages (pending KYC / code of conduct com
- Absence of accounting policies to deal with such long outstandings

Auditing Challenges

 Lack of appropriate review mechanism for long outstanding unpaid brokerages increases the risk of misappropriations

Other Auditing Challenges

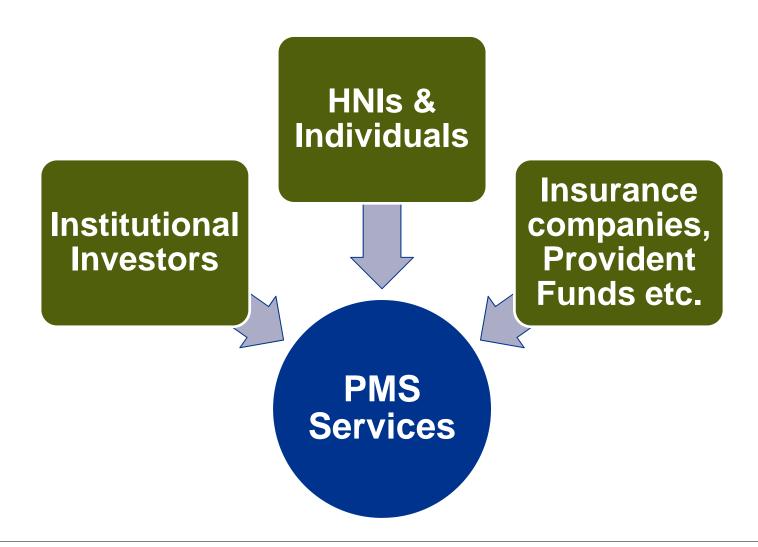
- Reliance placed on SAS-70 report in cases where fund accounting function (Intermediary) is outsourced by AMC (Intermediary)
- Lack of availability of SAS-70 report from fund accounting service organization (Intermediary) covering the entire length of audit period
- Need for Robust control testing on:
 - investments transaction and valuation (being significant component)
 - common expenses allocation
 - cash and cash equivalents Balance confirmations
- Heavy reliance on ITGC and application IT controls



Overview

Regulation 2(ca) of the SEBI (Portfolio Manager) Regulations, 1993 states "Portfolio Manager" means any person who pursuant to a contract or arrangement with a client, advises or directs or undertakes on behalf of the client the management or administration of a portfolio of securities or the funds of the client, as the case may be.

Overview



Two types of PMS services

Discretionary



All investment decisions are taken by the portfolio manager

Non discretionary



Portfolio manager Manages funds in accordance With clients directions

Financial reporting framework

Regulation 20 (3) – Accounts and audit

"The portfolio accounts of the portfolio manager shall be **audited** annually by an independent chartered accountant and a copy of the **certificate issued** by the chartered accountant shall be given to the client."



Key accounting challenges

- No specific guidance on accounting policies to be adopted
- No specific guidance on financial reporting disclosures
- Generally accepted accounting principles adopted in practice
- No specific format of independent auditors report prescribed by SEBI

Inconsistency & arbitrariness in portfolio accounts prepared by various PMS houses

Accounting practices Particulars At cost **Investments** At market value / fair value **Amortization Entry load / brokerage Upfront** On anniversary date **Performance fees** On reporting date At the discretion of portfolio manager Portfolio accounts Balance sheet and Profit & Loss Statement of Affairs **Accounting system** Cumulative account balances from inception of account For the year / as at year end balances

Auditing challenges

- Determination of the purpose of issuance of audit opinion on financial statements – general purpose or special purpose
- Investments recorded at FIFO basis AS 13 compliance
- Detailed disclosure in notes to accounts ensure transparency

Auditing challenges

- Control testing on:
 - Investment allocation
 - Common expenses allocation
- Heavy reliance on ITGC and application IT controls
- Reliance on SAS 70 report in cases where accounting is outsourced to a Fund accountant
- Fair value of unlisted investments reasonableness assessment

Thank You

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