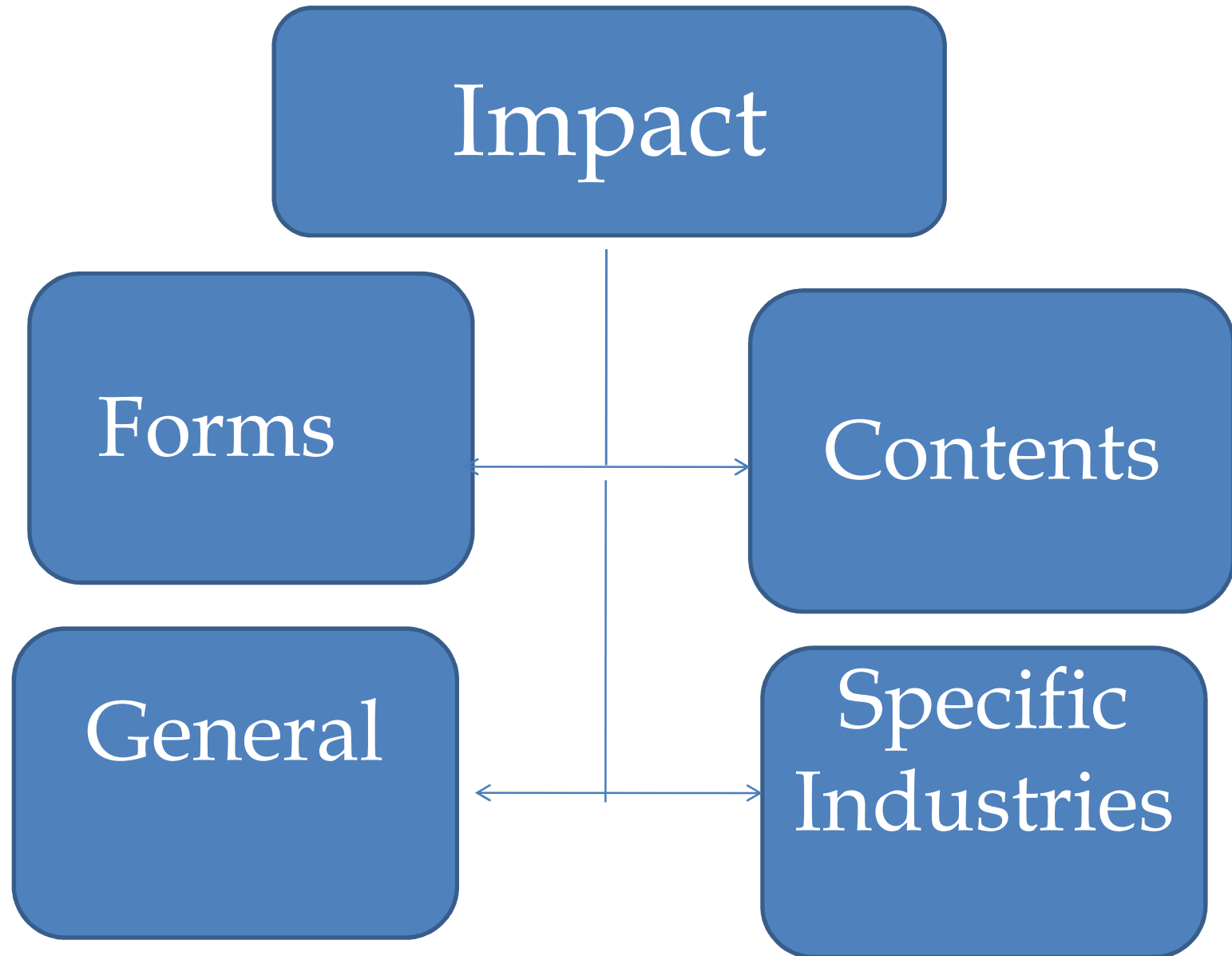


# Impact of Ind-AS on Indian Inc.

Ca Yagnesh Desai

# Impact of Ind-ASs !



# Impact of **Ind-ASs** on Financial Reporting

On 1<sup>st</sup> Time  
Conversion

Post  
Conversion



# General Impact

- Recognition
- Measurement
- Presentation – Mainly Financial Assets
- Disclosures

# General Impact

- Revenue – whether Ind-AS 115 ?
- Consolidation
- Business Acquisition
- Financial Instruments
- Service Concession Arrangements
- Leases

# Revenue

- Identifiable – separable components to be accounted for separately – fair value.
- Customer royalty programme.
- Service concession arrangements.
- Time value of money.

# Consolidation

- Control definition subjective
- Control could be obtained with agreement also.
- SPV no longer out of scope of consolidation
- Joint Ventures to be accounted for using equity method
- Under I GAAP no adjustments on consolidation.
- Ind-AS mandates recording deferred taxes on unrealised intercompany profits elimination.
- Also DTL may also get recorded in the consolidated accounts of a parent entity, if distribution of unremitted earnings of its subsidiary will result in additional tax consequences

# Business Acquisition

- Acquisition of Business – Business acquisition.
- Acquisition method to be applicable
- On acquisition date , the identifiable assets the acquiree to be measured at fair value good will lower than under the IGAAP.
- Transaction cost expensed out
- Step acquisition



# Financial Instruments

- Is it going to impact only Financial Institutes ?
- Ind-AS 109 provides extensive guidance on identification, classification, recognition and measurement of financial instruments
- Under Indian GAAP investments are classified as current or non current .
- Ind-AS significantly changes the measurements of financial instruments, where except for certain debt instruments financial assets will be recorded at fair value.
- Transaction cost – on long term borrowings will not be charged immediately but over a period of time by using effective interest method.
- Transaction cost incurred to acquire financial assets under I GAAP is capitalised but will be expensed out or deferred depending on classification.

# Non Financial Assets

- Change in the useful life treated as change in estimate – hence applied prospectively.
- Indefinite life of intangible assets (IA)
- Revaluation of IA allowed
- Discounting of decommissioning liability (ARO)

# Exhaustive Guidance

- Investment property
- Share based payments
- Non current assets held for sale
- Rate regulated entities
- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources
- Fair value measurement
- Disclosure of interest in other entities
- Financial instruments – derivatives – hedge accounting .

# Specific Industry Impact – IFRIC 4

- Oil Industry
- Outsourcing Industries
- Power Industry -PPA
- Pharma Industry –
  - channel stuffing\dumping arrangement
  - short-dated inventory
  - corroborative arrangements – R &D -SPV
  - outsourcing

# Revenue

- Telecom Industry  
Revenue – component – outsourcing –
- Auto Industries  
revenue – free insurance –buy back
- NBFC  
effective interest method
- Pharma
- Realty Sector – IFRIC 15 ( Guidance note)