



प्रधान मुख्य आयुक्त कार्यालय, केन्द्रीय वस्तु व सेवा कर तथा केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, मुंबई जोन
OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF CGST & CENTRAL EXCISE
MUMBAI ZONE

वस्तु एवं सेवा कर भवन, 115, महर्षि कर्वे मार्ग
GST BHAVAN, 115, MAHARSHI KARVE ROAD
चर्चगेट स्टेशन के सामने, मुम्बई 400020
OPP. CHURCHGATE STATION, MUMBAI 400 020



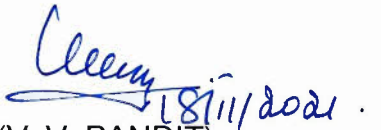
Dated, the 18th November, 2021

TRADE NOTICE NO. 13/CGST & CX/MUMBAI Zone/2021

Subject: Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of notification 14/2020- Central Tax dated 21st March, 2020 - Reg.

Please find enclosed herewith a copy of Circular No. 165/21/2021-GST dated, 17th November, 2021, issued vide F. No. CBEC-20/16/38/2020-GST by the GST Policy Wing of Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, New Delhi, on the above subject, which is self-explanatory. The aforesaid circular is available on CBIC websites <https://www.cbic.gov.in> and <https://cbic-gst.gov.in>.

2. Trade Associations are requested to bring the contents of this Circular to the notice of their members and the trade in general.


(V. V. PANDIT)

Additional Commissioner (PCCO)
CGST & CX, Mumbai Zone.

F. No. I/1-116/GST-Cell/PCCO/2018/Pt.I / 3155
Mumbai, the 18th November, 2021.

To:

All Trade Associations (through respective E-mails)

Copy to:

1. All the Principal Commissioners/Commissioners of CGST and Central Excise, Mumbai Zone.
2. Superintendent of Computer Cell for uploading on website (<http://gstmumbai.gov.in>).
3. PRO, GST and Central Excise, Mumbai Central for displaying on Notice Board at GST Bhavan, 15, M. K. Road, Churchgate, Mumbai – 400 020.
4. The Principal Commissioner, GST Policy Wing, CBIC, New Delhi.
5. Master file.

Circular No. 165/21/2021-GST

CBEC-20/16/38/2020 -GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

New Delhi, dated the 17th November, 2021

To

The Principal Chief Commissioners / Chief Commissioners / Principal Commissioners /
Commissioners of Central Tax (All)
The Principal Directors General / Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of notification 14/2020- Central Tax dated 21st March, 2020 - Reg.

Various references have been received from trade and industry seeking further clarification on applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C (Registered person to Customer) invoices for compliance of notification 14/2020-Central Tax, dated 21st March, 2020 as amended. It has been represented that in some cases where, though the service recipient is located outside India and place of supply of the service is in India as per IGST Act 2017, the payment is received by the service provider located in India **not** in foreign exchange, but through other modes approved by RBI. In such cases, the supplier will not be fulfilling the condition specified in S. No. 4 of the Circular No. 156/12/2021 dated 21st June 2021, and accordingly, will be required to have dynamic QR code on the invoice. It has been also represented that relaxation from dynamic QR code on the invoices in such cases should be available if the payment is received through any RBI approved mode of payment, and not necessarily in foreign exchange.

2. The issues have been examined and in order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168(1) of the CGST Act, 2017, hereby clarifies the issues hereafter.

3. It is observed that from the present wording of S. No. 4 of Circular No. 156/12/2021 dated 21st June 2021, doubt arises whether the relaxation from the requirement of dynamic QR code on the invoices would be available to such supplier, who receives payments from the recipient located outside India through RBI approved modes of payment, but **not** in foreign exchange. It is mentioned that the intention of clarification as per S. No. 4 in the said circular was not to deny relaxation in those cases, where the payment is received by the supplier as per any RBI approved mode, other than foreign exchange.

4. Accordingly, to clarify the matter further, the Entry at S. No. 4 of the Circular No. 156/12/2021-GST dated 21st June, 2021 is substituted as below:

4. " In cases, where receiver of services is located outside India, and payment is being received by the supplier of services ,through RBI approved modes of payment, but as per provisions of the IGST Act 2017, the place of supply of such services is in India, then such supply of services is not considered as export of services as per the IGST Act 2017; whether in such cases, the Dynamic QR Code is required on the invoice issued, for such supply of services, to such recipient located outside India?	No. Wherever an invoice is issued to a recipient located outside India, for supply of services, for which the place of supply is in India, as per the provisions of IGST Act 2017, and the payment is received by the supplier, in convertible foreign exchange or in Indian Rupees wherever permitted by the RBI, such invoice may be issued without having a Dynamic QR Code, as such dynamic QR code cannot be used by the recipient located outside India for making payment to the supplier."
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5. Circular No. 156/12/2021-GST, dated 21.06.2021 stands modified to this extent.

6. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this circular.

7. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

(Sanjay Mangal)
Principal Commissioner



प्रधान मुख्य आयुक्त कार्यालय, केन्द्रीय वस्तु व सेवा कर तथा केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, मुंबई जोन
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चर्चगेट स्टेशन के सामने, मुम्बई 400020
OPP. CHURCHGATE STATION, MUMBAI 400 020




Dated, the 18th November, 2021

TRADE NOTICE NO. 14/CGST & CX/MUMBAI Zone/2021

Subject: Clarification on certain refund related issues - Reg.

Please find enclosed herewith a copy of Circular No. 166/22/2021-GST dated, 17th November, 2021, issued under F. No. CBIC-20021/4/2021-GST by the GST Policy Wing of Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, New Delhi, on the above subject, which is self-explanatory. The aforesaid circular is available on CBIC websites <https://www.cbic.gov.in> and <https://cbic-gst.gov.in>.

2. Trade Associations are requested to bring the contents of this Circular to the notice of their members and the trade in general.


(V. V. PANDIT)

Additional Commissioner (PCCO)
CGST & CX, Mumbai Zone.

F. No. I/1-116/GST-Cell/PCCO/2018/Pt.I / 3156
Mumbai, the 18th November, 2021

To:

All Trade Associations (through respective E-mails)

Copy to:

1. All the Principal Commissioners/Commissioners of CGST and Central Excise, Mumbai Zone.
2. Superintendent of Computer Cell for uploading on website (<http://gstmumbai.gov.in>).
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5. Master file.

F.No. CBIC-20021/4/2021-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

New Delhi, Dated the 17th Nov, 2021

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/Chief Commissioners/Principal Commissioners/
Commissioners of Central Tax (All)

The Principal Directors General/ Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarification on certain refund related issues- reg.

Various representations have been received from taxpayers and other stakeholders seeking clarification in respect of certain issues relating to refund. The issues have been examined. In order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred by section 168(1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as “CGST Act”), hereby clarifies each of these issues as under:

S. No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	Whether the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 54 of the CGST Act regarding time period, within which an application for refund can be filed, would be applicable in cases of refund of excess balance in electronic cash ledger?	No, the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 54 of the CGST Act regarding time period, within which an application for refund can be filed, would not be applicable in cases of refund of excess balance in electronic cash ledger.
2.	Whether certification/ declaration under Rule 89(2)(1) or 89(2)(m) of CGST Rules, 2017 is required to be furnished along with the application for refund of excess balance in	No, furnishing of certification/ declaration under Rule 89(2)(1) or 89(2)(m) of the CGST Rules, 2017 for not passing the incidence of tax to any other person is not required in cases of refund of excess balance in electronic cash ledger as

	electronic cash ledger?	unjust enrichment clause is not applicable in such cases.
3.	Whether refund of TDS/TCS deposited in electronic cash ledger under the provisions of section 51 /52 of the CGST Act can be refunded as excess balance in cash ledger?	<p>The amount deducted/collected as TDS/TCS by TDS/ TCS deductors under the provisions of section 51 /52 of the CGST Act, as the case may be, and credited to electronic cash ledger of the registered person, is equivalent to cash deposited in electronic cash ledger. It is not mandatory for the registered person to utilise the TDS/TCS amount credited to his electronic cash ledger only for the purpose for discharging tax liability. The registered person is at full liberty to discharge his tax liability in respect of the supplies made by him during a tax period, either through debit in electronic credit ledger or through debit in electronic cash ledger, as per his choice and availability of balance in the said ledgers.</p> <p>Any amount, which remains unutilized in electronic cash ledger, after discharge of tax dues and other dues payable under CGST Act and rules made thereunder, can be refunded to the registered person as excess balance in electronic cash ledger in accordance with the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 54, read with sub-section (6) of section 49 of CGST Act.</p>
4.	Whether relevant date for the refund of tax paid on supplies regarded as deemed export by recipient is to be determined as per clause (b) of Explanation (2) under section 54 of CGST Act and if so, whether the date of return filed by the supplier or date of return filed by the recipient will be relevant for the purpose of determining relevant date for such refunds?	<p>Clause (b) of Explanation (2) under Section 54 of CGST Act reads as under:</p> <p><i>“(b) in the case of supply of goods regarded as deemed exports where a refund of tax paid is available in respect of the goods, the date on which the return relating to such deemed exports is furnished;”</i></p> <p>On perusal of the above, it is clear that clause (b) of Explanation (2) under section 54 of the CGST Act is applicable for determining relevant date in respect of refund of amount of tax paid on the supply of goods regarded as deemed exports,</p>

		<p>irrespective of the fact whether the refund claim is filed by the supplier or by the recipient.</p> <p>Further, as the tax on the supply of goods, regarded as deemed export, would be paid by the supplier in his return, therefore, the relevant date for purpose of filing of refund claim for refund of tax paid on such supplies would be the date of filing of return, related to such supplies, by the supplier.</p>
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2. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this Circular.

3. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of this Circular may be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version will follow.

(Sanjay Mangal)
Principal Commissioner